

Fort Lauderdale Orchid Society

The purpose of the Society is to stimulate interest, provide education and enable the exchange of information among those interested in all aspects of orchid culture

Peter Kouchalakos of PCK, **Landscaping with Terrestrials**

Peter Kouchalakos, along with his wife Clara, are the owners of PCK Orchids and Exotic Plants.

Peter is a law school graduate who for true calling in growing and teaching others to succe grow orchids and other exotic plants.

Peter Kouchalakos likes to call I the Johnny Appleseed of

Learn how easy it is to add to corchide to your landscape. With proper care, you too care luce fabulous ground-growing orchide that add it at orchids that add just It touch to your tropical garden or your pool patio.

Peter will talk about he types of garden habitats these orchids require and what you can expect in the way of performance. This group of garden orchids includes members of the Phaius. Spathoglottis, Epidendron and Oncidium genera.

President's Message



By Rich Ackerman Hello FLOS We have a "new normal" for life here in our cities, counties, states, and countries. All around the

world families, businesses, and organizations are figuring it out and making it work. So too shall the Fort Lauderdale Orchid Society figure it out and make it work.

Health and safety are first priorities always. Current CDC guidelines say we should not be in groups of more than 10 people for the next 60 days so it will be a while before we can meet again.

Continued on page 2.

Mark Your Calendar

in our ix		
April 13	Peter Kouchalakos of PCK Orchids & Exotic	Terrestrial Orchids
April 18	Homestead Ramb	Trip to Homestead Orchid Growers
May 11	Jim & Melana Ison of Jim-N-I Oroma	Catasetums
May 16	Redlande d Ramble	Trip to Redlands Orchid Festival
June 8	Ge Meting	TBD
July 13	Tom M ligowski	Cellphone Orchid Photography





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2019

In This Newsletter

Page 2 More from President

Page 2 Previous Speaker, John Odom

Page 3 Refunds Coming/Slate

Page 3 Amazon Smile/Orchid Events

Page 3 More from FLOS President

Page 4 Roots, Roots, Roots By Kate

Page 5 Try Peroxide/Descriptions

Page 6 Olivier on Dendrobiums

Page 7 FLOS March Ribbons/Photos

Page 7 New Members / Donations

Page 8 Advertisers/Refreshments

Page 8 FLOS Board/Directions

More President's Message

We are fortunate to have a hobby that grounds us in reality, lets us enjoy nature, and brings joy and beauty into the world. Even as we practice social distancing and physical isolation, the act of tending to our orchids joins us in a community of caring.

We will be conducting some organization business virtually. Please be sure that we have a functioning email address for you.

Stay safe and we will be together again soon.

Thanks,
Rich

P.S. Apologies to our two new member Gina! I mixed up last names in last month's letter. It was Gina Alzate, not Gina Delpino, who helped pot up *E tampensis* last month. It seems like years ago...



Cattleya Drumbeat 'Triumph' AM/AOS C. Bow Bells x C. mossiae Photo Sandi Block-Brezner



Rhyncattleanthe Beautiful Nicole (C. warscewiczii ver. alba x Bc. Daffodil) Photo Sandi Block-Brezner

Encyclias, awards and progeny

At our March meeting we were fortunate to have John Odom speak to us about the genus Encyclia, its awards and its hybrids. John's business, Odom's Orchids, is in Fort Pierce where he has roughly 90,000 square feet of growing space. He does not speak at societies very often, so we were blessed to have him.

John's presentation was organized by the number of awards each species had received from the AOS. The first among them was *Encyclia cordigera* having garnered 72 awards. Likewise, its progeny were also highly awarded. Both the rosea and regular forms had great color on the lip, with darker sepals and petals. These plants are easy to grow, and are fragrant as well. This is a great plant for someone who wants to try an encyclia in his or her collection. The second species he discussed was *Encyclia alata*, known for its very dark sepals and petals. 42 AOS awards have been given to this species. John showed numerous pictures of this plant and its offspring, and the dominance of the gene for dark petals and sepals clearly came through. The third species he discussed was *Encyclia adenocaula*, a

strikingly beautiful, fragrant, and colorful species with spatulate lips, bright magenta markings on the lip and pink petals and sepals. The markings on the lips come through in its progeny. The fourth species he discussed was *Encyclia phoenicea*, with its wide wavy lip brilliantly striated magenta.



Encyclia adenocaula

The darker petals and sepals provide a fine backdrop for the lip. The progeny are striking, and hybrids like *Bepi*. Femme Fatatale, and Encycvola Phoenix carry the striking lip but with spotted sepals and petals.

John went on to discuss numerous other species in the genus: *mooreana* (a must have in my book), *tampensis*, *plicata*, *kennedyi*, *bractescens*, and *dichroma*. He also discussed culture. He waters twice per week, uses stalite as his medium, gives his plants very strong light, and feeds heavily during their growth season (summer). If you want numerous flowers per inflorescence (and there may be many of them), fragrance, color, and ease of growth, then the genus Encyclia is worth experimenting with. WARNING, some growers have found this genus addictive.

By Rick Bellas

Orchid & Plant Events

The slate for our 2020-2021 Board of Trustees

President – Rich Ackerman 1st Vice President – Vicki Hallock (programs) 2nd Vice President – Luanne Betz (membership) Recording Secretary – Zoe Bejar Corresponding Secretary – Jill Smith Treasurer – Brian Boyle Immediate Past President – Gigi Granger

TRUSTEES

- 1 year Trustees Allen Cogar, Sue Mitchell Grieg
- 2 year Trustees Joan Connors, Sara Singer
- 3 year Trustees Francisco Lambert, Olivier Turina

We will be sending refunds to everyone who registered and paid for the April ramble and the May Redlands bus.



Amazon has a program called Amazon Smile that donates 0.5% of your purchase price to a non-profit if you join the Smile program.

FLOS is on their list of supported non-profits so you can choose to support us while you shop!

Our FLOS May Meeting is canceled at this point.

Maybe we can get together in June, we'll have to wait and see.

West Palm Beach Judying ter: Judging takes place and pavie, Florida, 3750 South Florida, and the fourth Saturday the fourth Saturday



Once again, FLOS will project in "A Tropical Plant Fair" on March 29th at the Richardson Park, located at 193 on Drive. We will have two booths, one for Indian one for the Million Orchid Project. If you want like to volunteer please call Sue Mitchell-Gree 105-905-6807. Show hours are 9:00 am - 4:30 pm on Saturday, March 28, and 10:00 am - 3:30 pm on Sunday, March 29.





Homestead Ramble

Luxury Coach to Homestead Orchid Growers. FLOS Member & Guests, April 18, 2020. Meet at Christ Lutheran Christ Elynch. Going to: Stelmar Gardens, R.F. Orchids, Christ Christ, Quest Orchids. Contact: Allen Cogar — 954 Christ Christ

May 16, bus leaving at 9 AM Surply PM \$30 includes entry to the Feeting Surply Surply PM \$30 includes entry to the Feeting Surply Surply Surply PM \$30 includes entry to the Feeting Surply Sur

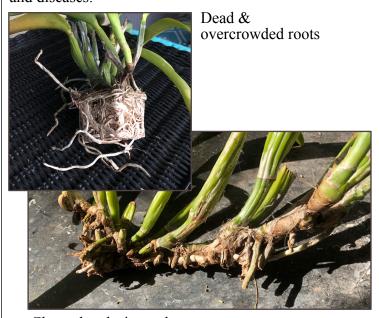
Roots, Roots & More Roots

By Kate Donohue

It is often said that you can have too much of a good thing. Not so for orchid roots! Healthy roots, lots of healthy roots are the key to thriving blooming plants. Spring is the most important time to develop healthy roots. Orchids are growing aggressively through the end of May/beginning of June before hunkering down to survive our beastly long summers. Healthy roots will help the plants survive.

So, how do you get healthy roots? Part of it is the natural orchid growing cycle of spring, but there is a lot you can do to help it along. In addition to your "weakly weekly" fertilizing routine, alternate twice a month with a root growing fertilizer. There are plenty of brands available from orchid specialty stores to local big box stores.

In addition to plants that have outgrown their pots, recently purchased plants and plants that have finished blooming should be removed from their pots. It is likely you will find roots in very poor condition, dry and brittle, densely packed together, and/or mushy. These roots are dead and need to be removed to make room for air movement for the new roots. If you're not sure whether a root is dead, gently pull on it. If it separates, leaving a thin string and no trace of green, it is dead. You can also snip near the end and see if there is any green inside. If so, it is a live root. Remove all medium, especially important for sphagnum moss and degraded medium. Sterilize all cuts in the roots with alcohol, peroxide, or cinnamon to protect them from insects and diseases.



Cleaned and trimmed roots

Some repot immediately in a root-enhancing medium. I prefer to set them in an empty pot to "sweat." There is no point in fertilizing these plants because there are no roots to absorb nutrients, but you can water as usual. New green-tipped roots should start developing in a few weeks. Best to wait a couple more weeks before potting or mounting to avoid damaging the fragile new roots.

Dip 'N Gro is an excellent root starter/enhancer. Spray or dip roots or the bottom of plants where the roots will develop. If you are dipping, add a bit of milk to avoid spreading diseases from plant to plant. Another great option is KLM. Both are available at orchid supply stores and online. Less expensive options include Epsom Salts and liquid seaweed.

Plenty of air movement is crucial. I grow most of my plants bare root to give the roots as much air as possible and keep a close eye on them. Have also purchased four inexpensive oscillating fans that have somehow survived more than a year, despite not being under cover.

These are the most popular products and practices for great roots, but I'm sure other hobbyists have their own "potions" to recommend. Ask others what they use. As always, you must find what works for you, so don't be afraid to experiment.



Orchid sweating



Ready to be repotted or mounted.

Photos Kate Donohue

No Alcohol? Try Peroxide

Orchids & Descriptions

By Kate Donohue

Just as I began spring repotting, discovered I was down to my last bottle of isopropyl alcohol. It's my quick go-to treatment for all sorts of things, especially to sanitize wounds to roots and leaves and when repotting. Spent the afternoon going everywhere that usually carries it, only to discover there is none available, now or in the immediate future, because of the Corona Virus. By then, I was in full panic mode, trying to figure out what I could use instead, the last desperate option being cheap vodka (just kidding).

Remembered reading an article in *Orchids*Magazine a while back about the wonders of hydrogen peroxide. Found the article (August 2018, pp. 582-4) after an hour of searching back issues, well worth the effort. According to author Sue Bottom, hydrogen peroxide does pretty much the same things as alcohol and even more. Some hobbyists use it almost exclusively, and I had four bottles in my supply cabinet! Crisis averted.

Peroxide is an effective non-toxic, topical antibacterial and antifungal agent. It seals and sterilizes the area after cutting roots or leaves. It prevents secondary infections to leaves damaged by insects or sunburn. Sprayed into the crowns of Phalaenopses, it prevents and stops the spread of crown rot. You can also spray it liberally after heavy or prolonged rains to prevent rot. Some people spray or drench pots and roots to promote healthy root growth and prevent all sorts of "nasty" stuff. There are minor cautions for using with organic materials, but it seems the benefits far outweigh the negative.

The 3% solution sold in stores can be sprayed full strength. It's readily available, inexpensive, and easy to use. Back to my orchids!



<u>Gct.</u> Henry Wan Why Not X Broughtonia negrilensis

Guaritonia Henry Wan is an orchid hybrid originated by Claude Hamilton in 1995.



Roth. Yokosuka Story 'Little Oriole'



Den. Indigo Queen

Rothara is the new intergeneric name for this hybrid combining Cattleya, Brassavola, Epidendrum, Laelia and Sophronitis.

Don't cut off old canes, as they store nutrients and water to keep the plant healthy. Older canes will sometimes flower or produce tiny plantlets called keikis, that can be potted up on their own after they develop roots.



Blc. Chyong Guu Linnett 'Smile'

Brassolaelio-cattleya, abbreviated Blc. in the horticultural trade, is the orchid nothogenus for intergeneric hybrid greges or grex containing at least one ancestor species from each of the three ancestral genera Brassavola, Laelia, and Cattleya and from no other genera.



Lc. Means Laelia and Cattleya. Schomburgkia, this genus is named for Richard Schomburgk, a German botanist who explored British Guiana during the 19th century. Species in this genus are either epiphytic or lithophytic in their growth habit.

Photos Kate Donohue

Lc. Coastal Splendor x *Schomburgkia undulata* Photo John Wrench

By Olivier Turina



Dendrobium – Section Spatulata (Antelope Dendrobiums)

In the Dendrobium genus, it is best to know what section your plant belongs to, since care and needs for dendrobiums vary tremendously

from one section to another; some need months of rest/drought and others need no seasonality in care whatsoever. There is also a wide variety of different temperature requirements within the genus.

Section Spatulata (better known as "antelope dendrobiums") is my personal favorite. They are gorgeous with their twisted petals and sepals which look like antelope antlers (hence their nickname). There are many hybrids and you will find a very large color palette; I doubt you won't find anything to your taste! Also, they are perfectly suited for our South Florida climate and there is no seasonality in their care..

Basics of care:

I grow mine in a very tight pot (like all dendrobiums) and they enjoy great ventilation; therefore, I water them practically every day.

These are high light plants. Some get up to 9 hours of filtered light over the summer in my screened in area. One of them gets direct unfiltered sunlight for hours every day (afternoon sun).

These are among the most cold sensitive orchids. So be careful if temperatures drop significantly at night. Below 50 degrees is really dangerous for them. If they have buds, I bring them in at 55.

Fertilize them weakly weekly but a bit more might be ok too?

The only pest that has been a real issue for me are thrips and I spray buds when they start popping up.

Like all dendrobiums, they should be grown in tight pots and repotting should be postponed as long as

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possible. Repot only when new roots are growing.

Photos by Olivier Turina

Den. Touch of Gold (close-up)

Other considerations:

There are some small plants available but the vast majority of these *dendrobiums* are pretty tall and large. So, you need space for them. Blooms are long lasting and a well grown plant will have tons of flowers. My *Den*. Lowana Nioka has been blooming NON-STOP since December 2016!!! It reaches a peak around March/April but there are flowers year-round! Most orchids in this section will bloom continuously for months!

The majority of plants available in this section are hybrids. Therefore, they tend to bloom repeatedly and at various times during the year. I have one single specie, *Den. tangerinum* which blooms reliably once a year in February and lasts 3 months. It has a gorgeous orangey color with a purple lip. I brought it to the meeting in March and got a green ribbon. You can do it too!



Den. tangerinum (from March meeting)



Den. Lowana Nioka

Den. Caesar 'Pink'

March Ribbons **APRIL 2020**

Brassocatanthe Selsal's Amaretto (*)	Rick Bellas	Blue
Bro. sanquinea var aurea	Rick Bellas	Blue
Den. aggregatum	Glen James	Blue
Den. Asian Smile	Angie Bondarenko	Blue
Den. speciosum	Rich Ackerman	Blue
Encyclia cordigera	Kelvin Stansberry	Blue
Epi. ciliare	Rick Bellas	Blue
Lc. Secret Love	Angie Bondarenko	Blue
Ornithocephalus manabina	Rick Bellas	Blue
Paph. Mathewsianum x Paph. Hsinying (**)	Luanne Betz	Blue
Paphiopedilum philippinense	Glen James	Blue
Phal. schilleriana	Glen James	Blue
Phalaenopsis amabilis var formosa	Tim Russo	Blue
Vanda Golden Doubloon (*)	Glen James	Blue
Cattleya guatemalensis	Michael Bryant	Cultural
Den. aphyllum	Saionara Darosa	Cultural
Den. tangerinum	Olivier Turina	Cultural
Cta. Jamaica Joy 'Hamlyn's Darkie'	Rick Bellas	Red
Den. Sea Marian 'Snow King'	Angie Bondarenko	Red
Paph. Sugar Web	Luanne Betz	Red
V. Pure Wax	Kelvin Stansberry	Red

(*) Registered Hybrid (**) Unregistered Hybrid

Welcome New Members

Marc and Joceline Castonguay Saionara Darosa

Jennie Hendry Gina Alzate



Den. speciosum



Encyclia cordigera Epi. ciliare





Den. aggregatum Lc. Secret Love





Bro. sanquinea var aurea





Den. Asian Smile Paph. philippinense Cattleya guatemalensis





manabina



Ornithocephalus Phal. schilleriana Paph. Sugar Web



Donation to FLOS Tree at Flamingo Gardens

We thank Sandi Block-Brezner for her donation of three gorgeous orchids for our tree at Flamingo Gardens. Brian Hufford and Rich Ackerman installed them last month.

Please support our advertisers. They help pay for the expense of this newsletter.



Diana Waterous Centorino Attorney at Law, P.A.

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Thank you to our kitchen volunteers: Kathy Homann, Deb Johnson & Fran Renguso.

March refreshments provided by: Carrie Ackerman, Patty Archibald, Norma Jeanne Flack, Gigi Granger, Kathy Homann, Shelly Jones, Elaine Jordan, Lory Mathis, Vince Otero, Fran Renguso & Ginny Salus



P.O. Box 4677, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33338

Regular Meetings: Second Monday of each month Place: Christ Lutheran Church Social Hall,

1955 East Oakland Park Blvd. Fort Lauderdale, FL 33306

Time: 7:30 pm.

Directions: From I 95 take East Oakland Park Blvd. go 2.4 miles, turn left on NE 20th Ave. or take US-1 (Federal Hwy.) to Oakland Park Blvd. west for two blocks, turn north on NE 20th Ave. park in the rear of the church which is on the NW corner of Oakland Park Blvd. and NE 20th Ave.

President: Rich Ackerman 1st Vice President: Allen Cogar 2nd Vice President: Vicki Hallock Recording Secretary: Jill Smith Corresponding Secretary: Zoe Bejar

Treasurer: Brian Boyle Website: www.FLOS.org

[Recipient]